Watch the video which was shown on CNN this weekend:

https://youtu.be/EuUA05Y-ixY

Nature of the document:

A video shot on a smartphone and posted/shared online.

A woman who seems to be a **certified/registered nurse** wearing a blue uniform addresses a message to the general public, especially to people who choose to wear **gloves**.

Gloves are PPE items.

PPE is equipment that will protect the user against **health or safety risks** (PPE stands for **Personal Protective Equipment**).

PPE include **gloves**, face masks and eye-protection.

Identify the goal of this video (the goal = le but) and the context.

The goal of the video is to **warn*** the public about **the difficulty of using gloves** as hand protection against infection.

The video **explains** the risks of **cross contamination** in the context of the coronavirus crisis.

The woman **demonstrates/shows** that the **feeling of safety** when wearing gloves as a protection against an **airborne*** pathogen like covid-19 is a **false feeling** and that it can be very dangerous.

[(to) warn : prévenir • airborne : transmissible par les voix aériennes]

Identify who is speaking (what job does she have?)

Based on her clothes and the content of her video, we can infer* that the person who is speaking is a nurse (she is a healthcare worker / she is a care-giver). The job of a nurse is to observe patients and help doctors to carry out*/follow a care plan* (with medication and treatment administration).

[(to) infer: (to) logically conclude; déduire • to carry out : s'occuper de / mener • a care plan : plan de santé]

Give an account in English of what the lady says (include all the details you can identify)

The lady **notices*** that a lot of people are wearing gloves in public **at the moment**. She says that people can wear gloves but they need **to be aware of** a concept called cross-contamination.

She then gives **real-life examples** of cross-contamination in the context of the Covid-19 pandemic.

For example, people who put on glove when getting ready to go to the (grocery*) store and who use their phones (she uses a piece of **cardboard*** as a **mock*** phone).

Some people try to be safe and use **disinfectant wipes*** to clean their car.

In the store they could **reach for*** toilet paper which has been contaminated with germs. They feel safe because it is on their gloves.

But they start to touch their **own** hands, so now **both** hands are contaminated, then they touch their phones and send a text message (in this case, they need chicken for dinner).

Then in the store they continue/keep touching groceries or their nose, then they get a phone call (from mum), which **causes their face to be** contaminated.

The problem is that people keep feeling safe because they have their gloves on and most people don't realize they can be the victim of viral cross-contamination.

She continues: Later on, when people have paid, they put back the phone in their bag and they go to their car; they don't want their dirty gloves in their car so they remove them/take them off appropriately: some people leave them in the parking lot and not in the trash.

Later they take out their phone and get their hands contaminated.

The lesson she wants to teach here is:

- There is no point/reason wearing gloves if you are not going to wash your hands any time you touch something
- People feel fearful and they don't do **smart things*** when they are fearful or anxious.
- Don't touch your face.
- Don't touch your dirty phone.
- Throw your gloves in the trash, they do not **belong*** in the parking lot on the **ground***.

[(to) notice : remarquer • to be aware of : avoir conscience de • grocery store : magasin d'alimentation • cardboard : carton • mock : une imitation / une réplique • a wipe : une lingette • (to) reach for : attraper / saisir • own : propre (à soi) • smart things : des choses intelligentes, sensées • (to) belong : (ici) être à sa place • the ground : le sol]